A MODEST

ADDRESS

TO THE

Livery-men of London,

Upon their Choice of SHERIFFS,

T has hitherto been a Proverb, That the Net is spread in vain in the fight of any Bird: But fuch is the matchless Impudence of the Conspirators, and (as they think) to fatal the stupidity of the present Age, that though their Predecessors in the Cunpowder Treason have given us sufficient warning of Papal Artifice and Malice, by their attempting, in those days, to cast the punishment and odium of their own Villanies upon Innocent Protestants; yet have the present Conspirators, and their Adherents, the considence to play the same game over again; and do endeavour to skreen themselves from the Eye of Justice, and to turn its keenest edg upon their opponents, by bare fuggestions, or suborned Evidence of Imaginary dangers to the Government, from the Loyal Subjects and True-hearted Protestants. For proof whereof, we need only confider, what fort of men in all probability, were more immediately aimed at, by their Sham-Acculations of Mr. Cleppole, by their Meal-Tub Plots, and late impudent pretentions of a New Discovery of Sir Edwardbury Godfreys Murder, by Mic-Graff. All which, and much more, have undeniably confirm'd the Truth of Mr. Dugdole's Evidence; wherein he tells us That had their Devilish Attempts upon His Majesties Life succeeded, even the Guilt, the Horror and Detestation of so Detestable a Crime, would by those Hellish Conspirators, have been charged upon Differeing-Protestants : And it's worth the observing, how after the Conviction of Fitz. Harris, a known Papift, though it openly appeared at his Tryal, that he himself gave the Heads and Instructions to Mr. Everard for composing that Abominable Libel, and encouraged him therein by promises of a Reward from the French Ambassador : Yet after this, could not Heraclitus and his Tribe forbear to publish their ill-timed zeal to the Cause, but in despite of Humane Reason they would per-fwade the World, That this Treason also was to be filed to the account of such as they believe they stigmatize by the very Name of True Protestate. For which, and their Impudent Reflections upon Fitz. Herris Jury, they are highly Responsable to the particular persons they have Injur'd, and to the Common Justice of the Nation.

But to proceed, When Mrs. Fitz-Harris and her Maid (for Reasons bert known to themselves, and which it's to be hoped, will hereaster be better known to the Nation) were pleased to Accuse the Lord Harrish's and when thereupon on Stenday the 12th Instant, the Lord Harrish was committed to the Tener, and the day after closely continued; It's not to be thought, which what Attention the Majqueraders prickt up their Ears in every Collections; is hopes to have sure and certain Tidings of a Presipterian Plot; may be was a modest Man that told you of but sixteen or sevences. Warrants to Apprehensian equal number of Protestant Lords; and it was scarce pardonable to disable but that some of them did abscord and fly away from Justice: As for the Lord Haward himself, they gave him up for a lost man; because, for looks, he had such that Papers sound in his Pockets (besides all other Evidence), as would, to

doubt, in a little time run away with his Breeches. I am apt to think indeed there is something extraordinary in the case, either on the one side, or the other; and whether it were excess of Charity to prevent Insection, or what other Mystery there were in it, I know not; but though a stranger may be permitted to see a Nun through a Grate, yet I have heard that it was (on the 18th Instant) as much as the Noble Prisoners Lady could have, a glimpse of her

own Husband through the Bars of a Window.

On the 20th Instant the Lord Howard was brought up by Habeas Corpus to the Kings-Bench, where he did not only make strong Professions of his own Innocence but to the great Grief and Affliction of the Conspirators, He public help protested, before the Reverend Judges, and that great Audience, in the most significant and binding expressions he could make use of. That he knew of no other, nor did believe there was any other Plot against the Government, but only that which was carried on by the Papists. So that the Observator is yet at a loss how to contrive an Intriegue to the prejudice of such Protestants, whom for his own convenience he is pleased to call Fanaticks.

After all this, there was great noise of a clear and substantial Evidence against the Lord Howard; and on the One and Twentieth Instant; an Indicament was preferred against him to the Grand-Jury of Edmonton, though excepting the Case of Fitz-Harris, that of Opposition (1 am told) has most

commonly been made use of in matters of this nature?

The Witnesses that gave Evidence to the Jury, were Mr. Smith, Mr. Etc. rand, Mrs. Fitz-Harris, and her Maid. And if Yesterdays Print of the EvP' dence be true, I suppose it will not be pretended, that the Two sirst Witnesses said much to support the Indiament. The Account that the others give, is indeed very extraordinary; for upon surther Examination, they contradicted each other, which the Publisher thought good to conceal; and it's the first time that I have heard, that Mr. Fitz-Harris, a known Papist, was employed in a design so much to the disadvantage of D. T. and in favour of D. M.

However, it's not to be thought, that any thing of moment could escape the observation of the Jury, especially when affished with the advice of A. G. and S. G. who were pleased to favour them with their good Companies, for near the space of Two hours (a civility that I have not heard of, till of late.)

And yet after all that could be faid, and a full and deliberate hearing, and Re-examination of Witnesses, Fourteen in Nineteen of the Jury came to a Refolution, to find Ignoranus on the Bill; the other Five, it feems, were under fome femples, and the Fourteen that were agreed, pressed to have the Bill endorsed accordingly; but Mr. Ward (a Clerk of the Crown Office, who attended the Jury), putting the Bill up, and defiring to take it with him, but withal promiting to bring it back to them the next Morning; and the Major part of the Jury, being fatisfied, that nothing was wanting to perfect their finding an Ignoramus, but the bare Formality of an Endorsement, which might quickly be dispatch't; They therefore confented to an Adjournment till the next Morning, wiz. the 122th Inftant; and then meeting again, they called to Mr. Ward for the Bill, that it might be endorsed; but instead of that, Mr. Ward told them, the Bill was withdrawn by an Order from the Attorney General; and the Jury apprehending this practife to be of dangerous Confe quence, applied themselves to the Court, that their Bill might be returned; but there was no Rule of Court made to that purpole, and so the Grand-Jury of Edminton was dismitt; but Mrinkland was presently after Indicted by the Grand-Jury lof Ofworlstone, for his practice about the aforesaid Bill.

And whoever confiders this whole Affair, will find a new Argument to perfinade him, that there cannot be too much care taken in choosing those Officers of Justice, to whom the Law has entrusted the returns of our Juries.

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